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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/604,179	06/30/2003	Kerry Bernstein	BUR920010207US1	1178
23389	7590 03/11/2005	EXAMINER		
	OTT MURPHY & PRI	LIN, SUN J		
400 GARDEN CITY PLAZA SUITE 300 GARDEN CITY, NY 11530			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2825	
		DATE MAILED: 03/11/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Υ.

-	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commons	10/604,179	BERNSTEIN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Sun J. Lin	2825				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 De	ecember 2004.					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are pending in the application.	4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7-9</u> is/are allowed.	5) Claim(s) <u>7-9</u> is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 10-19</u> is/are rejected.	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 10-19</u> is/are rejected.					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>30 June 2003</u> is/are: a)	0)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>30 June 2003</u> is/are: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
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Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
2) Indice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P10-948) β) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal P	atent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response to applicant's Amendment and Remarks filed on 12/27/2004 by applicants' attorney *John S. Sensny* regarding application 10/604,179 filed on 06/30/2003. Another Amendment and Remarks filed on 12/17/2004 by attorney *Richard A. Henkler* are cancelled under request of attorney *John S. Sensny*. Claims 1 – 19 remain pending in the application.

Drawing Objections

2. Fig. 4 is objected to due to reasons listed in *Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review* (PTO-948) attached with the Office Action mailed 09/22/2004.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

3. Claims listed below are objected to because of the following informalities:

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Claim 1, line 3, change "the circuit" to —each of circuits—.
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Claim 1, line 5, before "the circuits" insert —each of—.

Claim 2, line 1, change "A method" to —The method—.

Claim 3, line 1, change "A method" to —The method—.

Claim 4, line 1, change "A method" to —The method—.

Claim 5, line 1, change "A method" to —The method—.

Claim 6, line 1, change "A method" to —The method—.

Claim 7, line 1, change "A method" to —The method—.

Claim 7, line 3, change "the circuit" to —each of circuits—.

Claim 7, line 5, before "the circuits" insert —each of—.

Claim 7, line 12, change "criteria;" to —criteria; and—.

Claim 8, line 1, change "A method" to —The method—.

Claim 9, line 1, change "A method" to —The method—.

Claim 9, line 1, delete —according to Claim 6,—.

Claim 9, line 3, change "the circuit" to —each of circuits—.

Claim 9, line 5, before "the circuits" insert —each of—.

Claim 11, line 1, change "A system" to —The system—.

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Claim 12, line 1, change "A system" to —The system—.
Claim 13, line 1, change "A system" to —The system—.
Claim 15, line 1, change "A program" to —The program—.
Claim 16, line 1, change "A program" to —The program—.
Claim 17, line 1, change "A program" to —The program—.
Claim 18, line 1, change "A program" to —The program—.
Claim 19, line 1, change "A method" to —The method—.
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Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102(a) that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 5. Claims 1, 3 6, 10, 12 14 and 16 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being unpatentable over IEEE paper entitled "A Systemic Approach to SER estimation and Solutions" to Nguyen et al.
- 6. As to Claim 1, *Nguyen et al.* teach the following subject matter:
 - A system approach to <u>SER</u> (<u>soft error rate</u>) <u>estimation</u> and <u>solutions</u> to <u>latches/flip-flops and combinational logic</u> (<u>circuits</u>) in a <u>chip</u> (i.e., <u>integrated circuit</u>) [abstract, page 60, left column, 1st paragraph]; Soft errors origin and <u>simulation</u> [page 60, right column, bottom paragraph]; Notice that the <u>soft error simulation</u> is a method of simulating the <u>integrated circuit</u> (<u>chip</u>) on its SER performance, and the <u>SER estimation</u> is a <u>soft error analysis</u> of (<u>latches/flip-flops and combinational logic</u>) <u>circuits</u> in the <u>integrated circuit</u> (<u>chip</u>);
 - <u>SER estimation</u> (i.e., <u>soft error analysis</u>) should include <u>a wide range of considerations</u>, from the circuit responses to an injected charges up to architectural behavior [page 60, right column, 2nd paragraph];

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• A <u>measured SER</u> is <u>FIT</u> (failure in time) <u>rate</u> – [page 60, left column, 2nd paragraph]; <u>timing derating</u> is one of three components which make up of estimated <u>FIT rate</u> of a circuit element – [page 60, right column, 3rd, 5th paragraph]; <u>different circuits</u> (latched etc.) need <u>different timing derating considerations</u> (i.e., <u>timing criteria</u>) – [page 64, right column, 1st paragraph]; <u>Timing derating factors</u> are often derived from equations... based on the <u>setup and hold (timing) windows</u> of latched/flip-flops and the clock period – [page 69, left column, 4th paragraph]; <u>Path analysis</u> and <u>timing data</u> – [page 68, left column, 6th paragraph]; Notice that <u>timing derating factor</u> is obtained through performing <u>timing analysis</u> and the <u>timing derating</u> considerations are timing criteria;

- <u>FIT rate</u> of circuits are estimated based on <u>critical charge</u> Q_{crit} values using <u>circuit simulation</u> ... The <u>minimal injected charged</u> that causes (latch) failure is defined as Q_{crit}, the <u>critical charge that causes latch (circuit) failure</u> [page 62, right column, "Nominal FIT Estimation]; Notice that the as Q_{crit} value may not the same for different for different circuits; Therefore, the <u>SER</u> <u>estimation</u> (<u>soft error analysis</u>) of the circuits is performed to determine whether they meet specified <u>soft error criteria</u> (i.e., <u>having charge less</u> than critical charge Q_{crit});
- SER solutions, <u>SER-resistant</u> latch (circuit) designs [page 69, right column, 2nd, 4th paragraph]; Notice that the SER solutions is utilized to improve the circuits that fail the <u>soft error analysis</u> in order to achieve <u>SER-resistant</u> (i.e., <u>resistance to soft errors</u>) <u>circuits</u>.

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claim 1 are called [Response A] hereinafter.

- 7. As to Claim 10, reasons are included in [Response A] given above. Notice that the explanations included in [Response A] can be utilized in forming a system having means for simulating an integrated circuit as recited in Claim 10.
- 8. As to Claim 14, reasons are included in [Response A] given above. Notice that the explanations included in [Response A] can be utilized in generating a program of

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instructions readable and executable by machine to perform method steps for simulating an integrated circuit as recited in Claim 14.

- 9. As to Claims 3 and 12, as explained in [Response A], <u>Nguyen et al.</u> teach the following subject matter:
 - <u>timing derating factor</u> is obtained through performing <u>timing analysis</u> –
 [Response A];
 - <u>timing derating factor</u> is one of three components that make up of <u>estimated</u> <u>FIT(failure in time) rate</u> of a circuit – [page 60, right column, 3rd paragraph]; Therefore, <u>FIT rate is estimated after the step of performing a timing analysis</u>;
 - <u>FIT rate</u> is <u>soft error rate</u> (<u>SER</u>) [Response A]; therefore, <u>soft error analysis is</u> done after the step of performing a timing analysis.

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claims 3 and 12 are called [Response C1] hereinafter.

10. As to Claims 4, 13 and 16, <u>Nguyen et al.</u> teach that <u>FIT estimation</u> and <u>timing</u> <u>derating</u> (i.e., <u>timing analysis</u>) could be done at <u>late stage of design</u> – [page 68, left column, 3rd, 6th paragraph]. Therefore, a further timing analysis of the improved circuits is performed to determine whether the improved circuits still meet the specified timing criteria.

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claims 4, 13 and 16 are called [Response C2] hereinafter.

11. As to Claims 5 and 17, as explained in [Response A], the purpose of performing <u>FIT estimation</u> is to determine <u>SER</u> (<u>soft error rate</u>). Therefore, after the step of performing a further timing analysis, a further soft error analysis of the improved circuits is performed to determine whether the improved circuit now meet the soft error criteria similar to that explained in [Response A].

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claims 5 and 17 are called [Response C3] hereinafter.

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12. As to Claims 6 and 18, <u>Nguyen et al.</u> teach identifying high FIT contributors (i.e., circuits having high SER) that can be <u>fixed by small effort</u> – [page 68, right column, 3rd Paragraph]. It means that those circuits that fail the further soft error analysis are further improved to further improve their resistance to soft errors similar to that as explained in [Response A].

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claims 6 and 18 are called [Response C4] hereinafter.

13. As to Claim 19, reasons are included in [Response C1], [Response C2], [Response C3] and [Response C4] given above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 14. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- (1). Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- (2). Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- (3). Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- (4). Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 15. Claims 2, 11 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over IEEE paper entitled "A Systemic Approach to SER estimation and Solutions" to <u>Nguyen et al.</u> in view of IEEE paper entitled "Analyzing soft errors in leakage optimized SRAM design" to <u>Degalahal et al.</u>
- 16. As to Claim 2, <u>Nguyen et al.</u> teach all subject matter recited in Claim1, <u>Nguyen et al.</u> also teach <u>nominal FIT rate</u> (i.e., <u>SER</u>) of a circuit depends on <u>node capacitance</u> and

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<u>VDD value</u> (i.e., <u>power supply</u>) of circuits – [page 60, right column, 4th paragraph]. <u>Nguyen et al.</u> do not teach a method of improving the circuits that fail the soft error analysis by either having an additional voltage source of altering the capacitance of the circuits. <u>Degalahal et al.</u> discloses a method to estimate the SER (soft error rate) in CMOS SRAM circuits in [Eq. 1].

Degalahal et al. also teach the following subject matter:

- SER is inversely proportional to critical charge Q_{crit} [Eq. 1];
- Q_{crit} is proportional to <u>node capacitance</u> and <u>supply voltage</u> (i.e., <u>voltage</u> source) [page 228, right column, 4th paragraph];
- Q_{crit} at a node will decrease as <u>supply voltage</u> (<u>voltage source</u>) or <u>node</u>
 <u>capacitance</u> reduces [page 228, right column, 4th paragraph];
- The <u>nodal capacitance</u> is strongly dependent on the <u>layout</u> [page 228, right column, 4th paragraph page 229, left column, 1st paragraph]; Notice that the nodal capacitance can be increased by altering the layout at the node.

Notice that, the <u>additional supply voltage</u> and <u>larger nodal capacitance</u> can be increase the threshold value of critical charge **Q**_{crit} thereby minimizing the SER performance.

Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to have applied the teachings of <u>Degalahal et al.</u> either in including additional voltage source or altering nodal layout to increase nodal capacitance in order to increase threshold value of critical charge **Q**_{crit} thereby minimizing the SER performance to improve the circuits that fail the soft error analysis.

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claim 2 are called [Response B] hereinafter.

17. As to Claims 11 and 15, reasons are included in [Response B] given above.

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Allowable Subject Matter

18. Claim 7 – 9 are allowed. Those claims are allowed because they contain allowable subject matter as explained in the Office Action mailed to applicants on 09/22/2004.

Response to Amendment and Remarks

19. Applicants' argument and remarks filed on 12/27/2004 have been reviewed. Applicants' arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Detailed responses to the argument are included in the Office Action given above.

Conclusion

20. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sun J. Lin whose telephone number is (571) 272-1899. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (9:00AM-6:00PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7382 for regular communications and (703) 305-3413 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1782.

Sun James Lin Patent Examiner Art Unit 2825 February 28, 2005

VUTHE SIEK
PRIMARY EXAMINER